

## Sample Law CBE – Answers (exams from 1 March 2025)

1)	B. Statutory Instrument
2)	True = The rules of common law and Equity are separate
	False = It is not possible to bring an action and seek remedies at common law and Equity at the same time
3)	A. ratio decidendi
4)	B. Simon could be guilty of negligence if he fails to point out the possible tax advantages of carrying out a transaction in one way rather than another
5)	True = False representation is an offence under the Fraud Act 2006
	False = Cheating the public revenue is an offence under the Fraud Act 2006
6)	B. That the client will be entitled to a reasonable amount of damages where damages for breach of contract are not stipulated in the contract
7)	True = Trade marks can only be registered in respect of particular goods or services, or classes of goods or services
	False = Trade marks can only be protected by registering them under the Trade Marks Act 1994
8)	A. A licence may be for particular products or particular acts
	B. A franchise is a type of licence
	C. The licensee normally pays a royalty
9)	C. Zeena does not own any realty



10)	A. A one-off capital sum paid by the tenant to the landlord
11)	D. licence
12)	C. Grant owns and Claire possesses
13)	B. Derek has a put option over The Gables
14)	A. Intention to create legal relations  C. Acceptance  D. Agreement
15)	True = Goods are defined as tangible moveable property  True = Contracts can be entered into in respect of both existing goods and future goods
16)	True = A payment in respect of a restraint of trade clause in an employment contract is always subject to income tax
	False = It does not matter if a restraint of trade clause is reasonable in the interest of the public
17)	False = Authority can only be binding if it is contained in the contract of agency
	False = The principal must notify a third party in writing that the agent has the power to bind the principal
18)	C. Sophie made an offer when she told Farouk the price that she would pay
19)	C Apparent authority



- 20) B. If Chloe does not repay the loan after 5 years, Astor can ask Bill to sue Chloe to obtain the £20,000
  - C. If Astor has to pay the £20,000 to Bill, she can try to recover the money from Chloe
  - D. Astor may incur a loss for capital gains tax purposes
- 21) A. The right to decide the thing to be done
  - B. The right to decide the way in which the thing shall be done
  - C. The right to decide where the thing shall be done
- True = Unfair dismissal can occur where the reason for dismissal is fair, but reasonable procedures were not followed
  - False = Lack of qualifications is always an unfair reason for dismissal
- 23) D. Employees are preferential creditors, but contractors are not
- 24) A. To make a cash payment
  - C. To re-engage Sadhita in another job
  - D. To reinstate Sadhita in the same job
- 25) A. Both 1 and 2 are correct

The contract will be terminated without breach if Amelia and Park Ltd agree that Amelia only needs to give 3 months' notice

The contract will be terminated without breach if Park Ltd dismisses Amelia without notice but pays her a PILON

- 26) A. The date on which the partnership is to commence and its duration
  - B. The keeping of books of accounts
  - C. Restrictions on the activities of partners, for example other occupations and businesses in which the partners may not engage



27)	False = The partnership will be bound if the individual is not a partner and the other party knew this		
	False = The partnership will be bound if the individual is a partner who does not have authority and the other party knew this		
28)	True = Tax legislation can treat a sole trader as being separate from their business		
	True = A sole trader can pay voluntary Class 3 National Insurance Contributions		
29)	C. Record keeping		
30)	B. Only debts of the partnership incurred after they become partners		
31)	B. No interest is paid on capital		
	C. Partners are entitled to 5% interest on loans to the partnership above their original capital		
	D. All partners are entitled to access to the partnership books		
32)	False = Marnie's landlord is unable to include a general prohibition against business use in the tenancy		
	False = Marnie will have greater rights to remain in the property than she would if the property was just for domestic use		
33)	D. Grant of letters of administration with will annexed		
34)	C. the personal chattels, a statutory legacy of £322,000 and an absolute interest in half of the residue only		
35)	A. a Mesher order		



36)	True = A residuary legacy will fail if it has been disclaimed by the named beneficiary
	True = A residuary legacy will fail if the legatee dies before the testator
37)	C. The bequest to Betty is a specific legacy
38)	C. A trust that automatically ends if a beneficiary becomes bankrupt or tries to sell their interest
39)	A. an inter vivos trust
40)	B. Trustees can appoint a new trustee when an existing trustee dies
	C. Trustees can appoint a new trustee when an existing trustee refuses to act
	D. Trustees can appoint a new trustee when an existing trustee becomes bankrupt
41)	D. Dave
42)	B. The equitable ownership of the trust property passes to Logan and Becky when Emma and Stuart exercise their discretion to use the trust property for their benefit
43)	True = Sijo is Tim's nominee
	False = Sijo is entitled to the dividends
44)	B. Charlotte and Danny are both remaindermen
45)	True = A person holding more than 25% of the company's shares will be a PSC  False = Only a natural person can be a PSC: a company, trust or LLP cannot be a PSC
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,



- 46) A. A right to a fixed-rate dividend
  - D. A right to dividends in proportion to those paid to other classes of shareholder
- 47) True = The new company will need bespoke ArticlesFalse = The Articles do not need to be submitted to Companies House
- 48) B. Between the purchaser making an offer and the vendor accepting it
- 49) C. £25,000
- 50) C. Shayley, a shareholder of Carey Ltd
  - D. Craig, a creditor of Carey Ltd